

Corona Industrial Institute, Corona, Ala.

Prof. M. H. Griffin, Principal

THE Corona Industrial Institute was established in 1903 for the purpose of giving the people of that region, who were largely coal miners, an opportunity for education. It is within reach of four coal mines.



M. H. GRIFFIN

The course of study embraces six grades, including the beginners, two preparatory grades, two years in the normal course, and junior and senior years. Each miner above the age of fourteen years, regardless of whether he has children or not, pays \$1 per month the year round toward the support of this institution. In 1909, the college is receiving an average of \$230 per month from this source. The miners established this college and maintain it. In 1908, there was an enrollment of 76 male and 180 female students, and 4 male and 5 female Negro teachers.

The institute owns about \$7,900 worth of property. In 1908, on a twenty-seven-acre farm conducted by the students, a net profit of \$864.85 was realized. The annual expenses approximate \$3,500, secured from the local wage tax, \$500 from the public-school fund, and from various fields.

The normal years make a specialty of the subjects taught in the public schools, covering the requirement for the first-grade certificate in any of the Southern states. During the entire year, a night school is maintained. The regular teachers do the work. A large number of boys who must work during the day attend the night school. Many parents also are in attendance; one student is above fifty years old.

The farm comprises one hundred acres of land. This is cultivated by the students. There are continuous crops, spring, summer, fall, and winter. It is the aim of the school to give every boy such knowledge of the industries as will enable him to make a specialty of, and master, the trade to which he is best adapted. With the girls, also, a part of their school work is industrial. No one is excused.

The school is undenominational but Christian. Every member of the faculty is a Christian. Devotions are held every morning on opening the school. The Bible has a period each week. Christianity is presented as a requisite for a true man or a true woman. There is a weekly prayer meeting.

Luther College, New Orleans, La.

Prof. F. Wenger, President

LUTHER COLLEGE was founded in 1903 by the Evangelical Lutheran Synodical Conference of North America, by which it is supported.

Its property is valued at \$6,000. The annual expenses are \$2,500, secured chiefly by free contributions of the Lutheran Conference and small amounts from tuition. There were 14 male and 9 female students in 1908, ranging in age from thirteen to twenty-four years. There are 3 male white teachers. Six of the students are studying for the ministry. The college has a preparatory, a normal, and a theological department.

State Colored Normal School, Fayetteville, N. C.

E. E. Smith, Principal

FOUNDED 1877. Property valued at \$15,000, vested in the state. Income for expenses, 1907, \$3,500, of which all but \$304 was contributed by state. Expended on account of permanent improvements, 1907, \$11,000. Six teachers, 343 students. A new two-story brick school building erected on a portion of land of forty acres cost \$3,500, of which the state paid \$500 and the colored citizens, with their friends, the remainder.

Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College

THE Prairie View State Normal and Industrial College is located at Prairie View, Tex. The college was founded in 1879 by the state legislature (Texas). It has collateral federal support. The valuation of the property is \$250,000. The annual expenses, \$50,000.

In 1908, there were 187 male students and 324 female students, a total of 511. The entrance age limit is sixteen years; the average age of the pupils is twenty years. There are 16 male and 7 female teachers, a total of 23, all Negroes. Edward L. Blackshier, principal; T. T. Thompson, secretary.